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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/782,607	02/19/2004	Colleen Nielson	E1972-00001	DI 5138  EXAMINER	
8933	7590 07/21/2006		EXAM		
DUANE MO	RRIS, LLP		CARTER, WILLIAM JOSEPH		
IP DEPARTM 30 SOUTH 17	<del></del> · -		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PHILADELPH	IIA, PA 19103-4196		2875	2875 DATE MAIL ED: 07/21/2006	
			DATE MAILED: 07/21/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/782,607	NIELSON, COLLEEN				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		William J. Carter	2875				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become a	IICATION.  a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 J	<u>une 2006</u> .					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	s action is non-final.					
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under the	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-5,7,10,12-14,16-23 and 25-29</u> is/ar	e pending in the applicat	ion.				
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra						
5)⊠	Claim(s) 28 is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,7,10,12-14,16-23,25-27 and 29</u>	is/are rejected.					
•	Claim(s) <u>4</u> is/are objected to.						
8)[]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)🖾	The drawing(s) filed on 19 February 2004 is/ar	e: a)∏ accepted or b)⊠	objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
<b>Priority</b>	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority document		Application No.				
	<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority</li></ul>						
	application from the International Burea		in received in the Hatieria etage				
* (	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	•	ot received.				
		·					
Attachmer	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		V Summary (PTO-413)				
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08		o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Drawings**

Solid black shading areas are not permitted, except when used to represent bar graphs or colors. See MPEP 608.02(V)(m).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 5, 18, 22, 23, and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sawyer (6,010,235).

With respect to claim 1, Sawyer teaches a reconfigurable apparatus (Fig. 1) comprising one of a household lighting apparatus (10) and a home accessory and including at least one fixed component (13), and a plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) magnetically coupled (Abstract, lines 7-10) to the apparatus simultaneously (Abstract, lines 10-11), wherein each of the interchangeable decorative adornments is attachable anywhere on a continuum of non-fixed locations of the apparatus to provide multiple configurations to the apparatus (column 3, lines 1-2).

As or claim 2, Sawyer teaches the apparatus (Fig. 1) comprises a lamp (10).

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As for claim 3, Sawyer teaches the plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) comprise a first set (Abstract, lines 10-11) of interchangeable decorative adornments (15) that provide a first appearance to the apparatus (Fig. 1) when simultaneously coupled to the apparatus (Abstract, lines 10-11) and further comprising a second set of interchangeable decorative adornments (Abstract, lines 10-11; column 2, lines 25-28) magnetically engageable (Abstract, lines 7-10) with the apparatus to provide a second appearance when simultaneously couple to the apparatus (Abstract, lines 10-11; column 2, lines 25-28).

As for claim 5, Sawyer teaches the plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) include interchangeable decorative adornments of at least one of different colors and different shapes (Abstract, lines 10-11; column 2, lines 25-28).

As for claim 18, Sawyer teaches a set of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) for simultaneous attachment (Abstract, lines 10-11) to reconfigurable decorative lighting units (10), each interchangeable decorative adornment comprises at least one decorative portion (16, 18, 19, 20, and 21) and a magnet (26) and the set being magnetically attachable to any corresponding metal portion (12) of one of the reconfigurable decorative lighting units, at the same time (Abstract, lines 10-11).

As for claim 22, Sawyer teaches at least one of the interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) includes a plurality of decorative portions (18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 24) having a different shape (Fig. 2).

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As for claim 23, Sawyer teaches the magnet (26) is coupled to the at least one decortiave portions (18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 24) by metal links (16 and 25).

As for claim 25, Sawyer teaches each of the plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) hangs from a single connection point (at 26).

As for claim 26, Sawyer teaches each of the interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) hangs from a single magnet (at 26).

As for claim 27, Sawyer teaches the at least one fixed component (13) comprises a frame (12) and the continuum of non-fixed locations (column 1, lines 43-45, column 3, lines 10-12) comprises exposed metallic surfaces (Fig. 1) capable of receiving any of the interchangeable decorative adornments anywhere thereon (column 1, lines 43-45, column 3, lines 10-12).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7, 10, 13, 14, 17, 10, 20, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sawyer in view of Bayer (6,241,370).

With respect to claims 7, 16, 17, 19, and 29, Sawyer teaches all of the claimed elements, as discussed above, as well as a reconfigurable decorative lighting unit (10)

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comprising a fixed portion (13) and a plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15), each including a magnet (26) and a plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) being magnetically to the fixed portion (Figs. 3 and 4) simultaneously (Abstract, lines 10-11), wherein the fixed portion comprises an exposed metal surface (12) cable of receiving any of the interchangeable decorative adornments anywhere thereon (column 1, lines 43-45). Sawyer does not explicitly teach the decorative lighting unit is a chandelier. Bayer '370, drawn to lighting, teaches the use of a chandelier (2) as a decorative lighting unit (although Bayer '370 does not explicitly teach decorative adornments that are easily interchangeable because they are simply and releasably magnetically coupled to the chandelier, he does teach a chandelier with magnetic decorations [310; column 11, lines 11-13], that provides motivation for the combination of Sawyer and thus teaches the limitations of the present claim). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to use the chandelier of Bayer '370 as the lighting unit in the decorative lighting unit of Sawyer, in order to create a more aesthetically pleasing lighting unit. As for claim 16, 17, and 29, Sawyer and Bayer '370 teach all of the disclosed elements, which upon combination inherently teach the changing appearance by substituting the magnetic decorations of Bayer '370 with the decorative adornments of Sawyer and all of the elements are assembled as claimed, thus the method is inherently taught.

As for claim 10, Sawyer further teaches the plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) include interchangeable decorative

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adornments of at least one of different colors and different shapes (Abstract, lines 10-11; column 2, lines 25-28).

As for claim 13, Sawyer further teaches each of the interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) of the plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) is attached to multiple locations (Abstract, lines 10-11; column 1, lines 41-45) to provide multiple configurations to the decorative lighting unit (10).

As for claim 14, Sawyer further teaches the plurality of interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) provide a first appearance to the lighting unit (10) when simultaneously coupled thereto (Abstract, lines 10-11) and are repositionable on the lighting unit at different locations (column 1, lines 41-45; column 3, lines 1-4) to provide a second appearance to the lighting unit when simultaneously coupled thereto (Abstract, lines 10-11).

As for claim 20, Sawyer further teaches the metal portion (12) includes a continuum of metal surfaces capable of receiving any of the interchangeable (Abstract, lines 10-11) decorative adornments (15) anywhere thereon (column 1, lines 43-45, column 3, lines 10-12).

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sawyer in view of Bayer (6,712,490).

As for claim 21, Sawyer teaches all of the claimed elements, as disclosed above, except for the decorative adornments being formed of crystal. Bayer '490 teaches decorative crystal adornments coupled to a decorative lighting unit (column 1, lines 19-

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23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to use the crystal adornments of Bayer in the decorative lighting unit of Sawyer, in order to provide an overall decorative appearance (column 1, lines 17-19).

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sawyer and Bayer '370 as applied to claim 7 above, and further in view of Bayer '490.

As for claim 21, Sawyer and Bayer '370 teach all of the claimed elements, as disclosed above, except for explicitly teaching the decorative adornments being formed of crystal. Bayer '490 teaches decorative crystal adornments coupled to a decorative lighting unit (column 1, lines 19-23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to use the crystal adornments of Bayer in the decorative lighting unit of Sawyer, in order to provide an overall decorative appearance (column 1, lines 17-19).

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 28 is allowed. The prior art does not teach or suggest a plurality of decorative adornments magnetically attachable anywhere on a continuous surface of a chandelier comprising a hanging branched lighting fixture.

Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art does not teach or suggest a chandelier comprising a hanging branched lighting fixture with decorative adornments magnetically attachable anywhere on a continuum of non-fixed locations.

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#### **Conclusion**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William J. Carter whose telephone number is (571)272-0959. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra L. O'Shea can be reached on (571)272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ALI ALAVI PRIMARY EXAMINER

wjc 07/17/06